

The \$356 Billion *Margin Trap*

A COMMERCIAL LEADERSHIP BRIEF FOR CHIEF COMMERCIAL OFFICERS

◆ FOR CHIEF COMMERCIAL OFFICERS ◆

Gross-to-net is *eating your* commercial strategy alive.

I spent 20 years in pharma commercial leadership. I've never seen anything quite like what's happening right now with gross-to-net — and most CCOs I talk to are running finance models that weren't built for it.

BY **BOB MIGLANI** · CO-FOUNDER & CEO, HOOT



\$356B

THE GROSS-TO-NET SPREAD · 2024

That's how much the industry gave back in **PBM rebates, government discounts, 340B obligations, and chargebacks** — before a single dollar of net revenue was recorded. The largest spread in history. And it grew **7% year over year**.

Drug Channels Institute confirmed it in July 2025. Three PBMs now control 80% of prescription claims. They don't negotiate. They set terms.

The result: manufacturers must price high to fund the rebates required to reach the patients their drugs were built to serve. A \$500 list price generating \$180 in net revenue. The rest? Gone before it was ever earned.

Then the IRA arrived. Maximum Fair Prices took effect January 1, 2026. These aren't contract negotiations — they're regulatory ceilings. The finance models most companies are running weren't built for this.

In February 2026, Model N surveyed 429 senior pharma leaders. 99% said GTN has grown more complex. Not 80%. Not 90%. Virtually unanimous.

"The gross-to-net problem doesn't just compress your margin. It drives patients off therapy before they ever fill their second prescription."

But here's what most commercial strategy discussions are still missing. When PBMs push your drug to a non-preferred tier, patients face higher copays. When copay accumulators strip manufacturer assistance, they abandon.

IQVIA found that 27% of all written prescriptions are never filled. In specialty, Pharmaceutical Executive reported a 50% abandonment rate before the second fill.

This is the double tax nobody's naming openly.

◆ THE MECHANISM ◆

You paid twice. *You collected once.*

◆ TAX #1

\$356B

The Access Tax

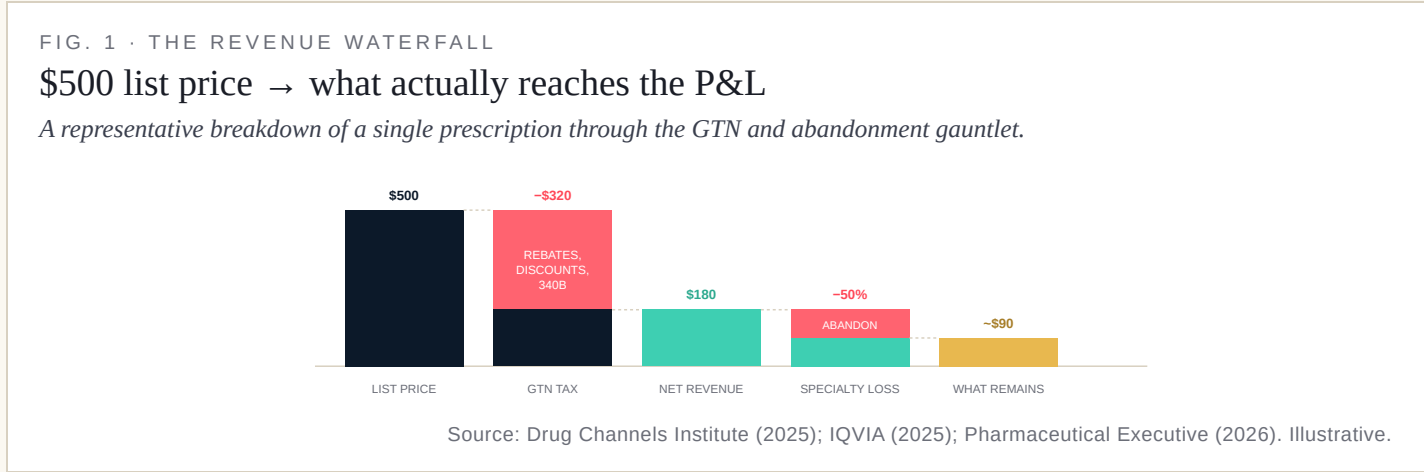
You pay the PBM to get on formulary. Net revenue shrinks before the drug is ever dispensed. A \$500 list price yields roughly \$180 in net revenue.

◆ TAX #2

35–50%

The Abandonment Tax

That same system drives 35–50% of initiated patients off therapy before they ever come back for a refill. You paid for access. You lost the patient.



The old playbook — raise list prices to fund rebates, build call centers to catch patients — is broken. List prices are being cut. Call centers are being spam-flagged. The window to prevent abandonment is Days 3 through 30 post-initiation. Most hub models are missing it entirely.

So what does a CCO actually do? Protect the revenue you already paid to access. The patient who persists is worth 10x the patient who abandons after month one — regardless of formulary tier.

Persistence comes down to trust. Patients who feel connected to the clinical voice that prescribed their medication stay on therapy. The prescribing physician is the highest-trust behavior-change asset in medicine. The problem is most manufacturers have no scalable way to extend that voice beyond the office visit.

SMS does. Physician-led video content delivered at the moments of highest lapse risk — 98% open rates, read within minutes —

keeps the physician's voice in the patient's life when it matters most.

◆ THE 72-HOUR WINDOW

When decisions actually get made

Patients don't decide in the exam room. They decide at home, in the 48–72 hours after the script is written — while bombarded by Google, TikTok, and well-meaning family.

Days 3–30 post-initiation are the highest-risk window for lapse. Most hub models aren't built to intervene here.

In a world where GTN is compressing what you earn per unit, every unit from a patient who stayed is the business model.

Keeping them is the strategy.

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◆ THE CCO PLAYBOOK ◆

What it means for *you* — and what you can do about it.

If you're running commercial at a pharma company in 2026, here's the uncomfortable reality: the levers you were hired to pull are getting shorter every quarter. Here's what's actually in your control.

◆ ACTION #1

Audit your abandonment, not just your access.

Most CCO dashboards obsess over formulary wins. Few track what happens Days 3–30 post-script. If your brand team can't tell you the second-fill rate for your top 3 payers, you're managing half the P&L.

◆ ACTION #2

Re-underwrite the hub.

If your hub's open rate is under 20% and its call-completion rate is under 30%, it's not a hub — it's a cost center. The spam-flagging crisis is real. Physician-led SMS hits 98% open rates within minutes.

◆ ACTION #3

Re-price persistence internally.

A persisted patient is worth 10x an abandoned one. But most commercial compensation plans still reward scripts written, not scripts filled twice. Fix the incentive. The behavior follows.

◆ ACTION #4

Extend the physician voice.

The prescribing physician is the highest-trust behavior-change asset in medicine. Nothing else moves adherence like their voice. The CCOs winning in 2026 are the ones who figured out how to scale it beyond the office visit.

◆ THE BOTTOM LINE FOR CCOS

The rebate war is over. You lost. So did everyone else.

The next commercial frontier isn't price negotiation — you've already paid. It's revenue retention. Every patient who persists is a unit you already bought access for. Letting them abandon is the single most expensive unforced error on your P&L right now. And unlike GTN, it's the one part of the equation you still fully control.

◆ A 30-MINUTE CONVERSATION WORTH HAVING

Let's talk about *what persistence looks like* when the physician voice reaches the patient at home.

hoot.health →

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